Newry, Mourne and Down District Council Policy Screening Form

Policy Information

Name of the policy	Newry, Mourne and Down District Council's draft Performance Improvement Objectives 2024-25
Is this an existing, revised or new policy?	Revised
What is it trying to achieve (aims/outcomes)	 The following five performance improvement objectives have been developed, all of which are clearly linked to the Community Plan and draft Corporate Plan 2024-27. We will support the health and wellbeing of local people by improving our leisure facilities and services We will grow the economy by supporting local businesses and creating new jobs We will improve the cleanliness of our District by addressing littering, fly tipping and dog fouling incidents We will improve our sustainability and reduce our impacts in relation to climate change We will improve the processing times of planning applications and enforcement cases by implementing the Planning Service Improvement Programme
Are there any Section 75 categories which might be expected to benefit from the intended policy?	All categories are expected to benefit from the intended policy approach.
If so, explain how.	 The performance improvement objectives 2024-25 will deliver direct positive outcomes for citizens, local businesses, visitors and service users in relation to: Improved opportunities to participate in physical and recreational activity at the Council's leisure centres and community trails Improved access to economic development opportunities, support for local businesses and more job creation Living in a cleaner District, with the Council addressing the levels of littering, fly tipping and dog fouling Improved opportunities to reduce our impacts in

	relation to climate change through the development and implementation of Council's numerous climate change related plans and strategies. • Improvements to the Planning Service, particularly in relation to reduced processing times for planning applications and enforcement cases
Who initiated or wrote the policy?	Catherine Hughes, Acting Head of Performance and Improvement
Who owns and who implements the policy?	Gerard Byrne – Assistant Director: Finance and Performance Catherine Hughes – Acting Head of Performance and Improvement

Implementation factors

	Yes	No
Are there any factors which could contribute to/detract	X	
from the intended aim/outcome of the policy/decision?		
If yes, are they Financial	X	
If yes, are they Legislative	X	
If yes, and they are Other please specify:		

Main stakeholders affected

Who are the internal and external stakeholders (actual or potential) that the policy will impact upon?

	Yes	No
Staff	X	
Service users	X	
Other public sector organisations	X	
Voluntary/community/trade unions	X	
Other, please specify:	Members of the community in general	

Other policies with a bearing on this policy

What are they	Examples include the Local Government Act (NI) 2014, Council's Corporate Plan 2021-23, Council's Draft Corporate Plan 2024-27, Economic Regeneration and Investment Strategy, Dog Fouling Strategy, Enforcement Improvement Plan, Tree Strategy, Leisure Strategy as well as the statutory duties in relation to a General Duty of Improvement, Community Planning and Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 (as per commitments and obligations outlined within Council's approved Equality Scheme).
Who owns them	All policies and strategies fall under the corporate responsibilities of the Council, as well as the Community Planning Partnership.

Available evidence

What evidence/information (both qualitative and quantitative) have you gathered to inform this policy? Specify details for relevant Section 75 categories.

Section 75 Category	Details of needs/experiences/priorities					
Religious						
belief	LGD	All usual residents	Catholic	Protestant and other Christian	Other religions	None
	Northern	1,903,178	869,753	827,545	28,514	177,360
	Ireland		(45.7%)	(43.5%)	(1.5%)	(9.3%)
	Newry, Mourne	182,074	131,300 (72.1%)	39,970 (22.0%)	1,327 (0.7%)	9,477 (5.2%)
	& Down					
	(0000000	ensus Data 2	,-			
Political opinion	Elected political party representation is an approximate barometer of political opinion of people within the Council area.					
	The party breakdown of the Council's elected members is as follows:					
	Sinn Féin			20 seats		
	SDLP			8 seats		
	Independent	ts		2 seats		
	Democratic			5 seats		
	Ulster Union	ist		1 seats		
	Alliance			5 seats		

	Councillors are elected within seven District Electoral Areas (DEAs) across the Council area. With respect to party political representation, democratic deficits exist within particular DEAs i.e three DEAs have no PUL Councillor representation (Newry, Crotlieve and Downpatrick), two DEAs have one PUL (Slieve Croob and Slieve Gullion) Councillor and, one DEA has one CNR (Rowallane).				
Racial group	According to the 2021 Census, 3.4% (65,604) of the usually resident population of Northern Ireland belongs to minority ethnic groups. This is almost double the proportion in 2011 (1.8%).				
	The minority ethnic language propossible indicator of the BME con language groups in the Newry, M is noted by NISRA (2021) as following the minority Ethnic Language Propown LGD Area	nmunity profile. lourne and Dow ows:	The composition of In District Council area		
	Main language of residents in Newry, Mourne and Down District LGD	Number	Percentage %		
	English	168,408	96.1		
	English Polish	168,408 2,143	96.1 1.22		
	9				
	Polish	2,143	1.22		
	Polish Lithuanian	2,143 1,149	1.22 0.66		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish	2,143 1,149 553	1.22 0.66 0.32		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian	2,143 1,149 553 347	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian Portuguese	2,143 1,149 553 347 119	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2 0.06		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian Portuguese Arabic	2,143 1,149 553 347 119 170	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2 0.06 0.09		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian Portuguese Arabic Bulgarian Chinese (not otherwise	2,143 1,149 553 347 119 170 677	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2 0.06 0.09 0.39		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian Portuguese Arabic Bulgarian Chinese (not otherwise specified)	2,143 1,149 553 347 119 170 677 70	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2 0.06 0.09 0.39 0.04		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian Portuguese Arabic Bulgarian Chinese (not otherwise specified) Slovak	2,143 1,149 553 347 119 170 677 70 98 106 77	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2 0.06 0.09 0.39 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.06		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian Portuguese Arabic Bulgarian Chinese (not otherwise specified) Slovak Hungarian	2,143 1,149 553 347 119 170 677 70 98 106 77 279	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2 0.06 0.09 0.39 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.04 0.15		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian Portuguese Arabic Bulgarian Chinese (not otherwise specified) Slovak Hungarian Spanish	2,143 1,149 553 347 119 170 677 70 98 106 77 279 180	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2 0.06 0.09 0.39 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.04 0.15 0.10		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian Portuguese Arabic Bulgarian Chinese (not otherwise specified) Slovak Hungarian Spanish Latvian	2,143 1,149 553 347 119 170 677 70 98 106 77 279 180 22	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2 0.06 0.09 0.39 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.04 0.15		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian Portuguese Arabic Bulgarian Chinese (not otherwise specified) Slovak Hungarian Spanish Latvian Russian Tetun Malayalam	2,143 1,149 553 347 119 170 677 70 98 106 77 279 180 22 51	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2 0.06 0.09 0.39 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.04 0.15 0.10 0.01 0.03		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian Portuguese Arabic Bulgarian Chinese (not otherwise specified) Slovak Hungarian Spanish Latvian Russian Tetun	2,143 1,149 553 347 119 170 677 70 98 106 77 279 180 22 51 44	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2 0.06 0.09 0.39 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.04 0.15 0.10 0.01 0.03 0.03		
	Polish Lithuanian Irish Romanian Portuguese Arabic Bulgarian Chinese (not otherwise specified) Slovak Hungarian Spanish Latvian Russian Tetun Malayalam	2,143 1,149 553 347 119 170 677 70 98 106 77 279 180 22 51	1.22 0.66 0.32 0.2 0.06 0.09 0.39 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.04 0.15 0.10 0.01 0.03		

NI

Newry, Mourne & Down

Age Profile

0-4	113,825	11,722
5-7	73,456	7,693
8-9	51,020	5,259
10-14	126,919	13,151
15	23,220	2,254
16-17	46,641	4,923
18-19	43,343	4,024
20-24	111,383	10,022
25-29	116,407	10,354
30-44	375.518	34,970
45-59	381,910	36,612
60-64	113,043	10,755
65-74	176,934	16,922
75-84	110,149	9,872
85-89	25,877	2.344
90+	13,517	1,191
 +		

Marital status

The table below provides an overview of the marital status profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down area:

Marital Status	Newry, Mourne and Down LGD	NI
All usual residents: Aged 16+ years	141,996	1,514,743
Single (never married or never registered a same-sex civil partnership) Aged 16+ years	52,128 (36.7%)	576,708 (38.1%)
Married: Aged 16+ years	68,076 (47.9%)	690,509 (45.6%)
In a registered same- sex civil partnership: Aged 16+ years	201 (0.14%)	2,742 (0.19%)
Separated (but still legally married or still legally in a same-sex civil partnership): Aged 16+ years	4,975 (3.5%)	57,272 (3.8%)
Divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is now legally dissolved	7,704 (5.4%)	91,128 (6.0%)
Widowed or surviving partner from a samesex civil partnership: Aged 16+ years	8,912 (6.3%)	96,384 (6.4%)

	Census 2021					
Sexual orientation	Analysis of the Census 2021 indicates that between 2% and 10% of the population may be lesbian, gay or bisexual.					
	There are no official statistics in relation to the number of gay, lesbian or bisexual people in Northern Ireland. However, research conducted by the HM Treasury shows that between 5% - 7% of the UK population identify themselves as gay, lesbian, bisexual or 'trans' (transsexual, transgendered and transvestite) (LGBT). This is a sizeable proportion of the population here in Northern Ireland.					
Men and women generally	The gender properties follows:	orofile f	or the I	Newry, Mourn	e and Down LG	GD is as
	LGD		Male		Female	
	Northern Ire			936,132	967,043	
	Newry, Mou and Down L			90,063	92,011	
	Census 2021					
Disability	_	trict Co	uncil a	rea has a long	people in the N -term health pr ties.	
	LGD	All usi reside		Long-term health problem or disability: Day-to-day activities limited a lot	Long-term health problem or disability: Day-to-day activities limited a little	Long-term health problem or disability: Day-to-day activities not limited
	Northern	1,903	,179	217,964	245,057	1,440,158
	Ireland (11.45%) (12.88%) (75.67%) Newry, 182,074 19,789 21,868 140,417 Mourne and Down (10.87%) (12.01%) (77.13%)					
	follows: • More the has a description of the land the la	nan 1 ir Iisability than a Deople i Iign lan	5 or 2 The ir ny othe n North guage	1% of the poperion of distance of distance of the left nern Ireland h		thern Ireland r in Northern of hearing loss

	 In Northern Ireland there are 57,000 blind people or people with significant visual impairment 52,000 people with learning disabilities (Source: Disability Action)
Dependants	Persons with dependents may be people who have personal responsibility for the care of a child (or children), a person with a disability, and / or a dependent older person. According to the Census 2021, there are 68,396 households in Newry, Mourne and Down, 33.9% of which have dependent children. With regard to these figures, dependents are defined as those aged 0-15 years or those aged 16-18 years who are in full-time education and living with their parents or grandparents. Similar to the regional trend, the proportion of households with dependents in the District has declined from 50% in 1981 to 33.9% in 2021.
	There are 5,639 lone parent households with dependent children in Newry, Mourne and Down which equates to just over 8% of number of total households in the District and is the fourth highest in Northern Ireland, after Belfast (17,292), Derry and Strabane (7,639) and Armagh, Banbridge and Craigavon (6,556). Half of the parents in lone parent households in Newry, Mourne and Down are unemployed, almost a quarter are in full time employment and over a quarter are in part time employment. 93% of the parents in lone parent households in the District are female compared to 11% who are male. In 2019-21, the teenage birth rate (under 20 years old) was 6.5 per 1,000 mothers, which is the fourth highest in Northern Ireland after Belfast (11.4); Antrim & Newtownabbey (6.9) and Mid and East Antrim (6.8) but below the regional average of 6.8 per 1,000 births.

Needs, experiences and priorities

Taking into account the information referred to above, what are the different needs, experiences and priorities of each of the following categories, in relation to the particular policy/decision? Specify details for each of the Section 75 categories

Section 75 Category	Details of needs/experiences/priorities
Religious belief	All actions in relation to the performance improvement objectives 2024-25 should be underpinned by a corporate commitment to improve access to facilities, services and information, and

	encourage openness, transparency, on-going dialogue, and access to decision-makers.
	To ensure the performance improvement objectives are targeted and meaningful for the community as a whole, rather than being those of particular organisations or interest group, they have been subjected to effective challenge and scrutiny mechanisms which build in foresight and forward planning to ensure the Council continues to meet clearly identified needs and effectively manage community expectations.
	Community confidence will be generated, and the reputation of the Council will be enhanced through meaningful consultation, encouraging stakeholder participation, listening to, respecting and valuing minority voices, demonstrating evidence based decision-making, and reporting progress to consultees. The Council is carrying out a robust and inclusive consultation and engagement process on the performance improvement objectives 2024-25, which will target all sections of the local community, encouraging them to have their say.
Political opinion	As above.
Racial group	As above.
	The Council is carrying out a robust and inclusive consultation and engagement process on the performance improvement objectives 2024-25, which will target all sections of the local community, including BME communities through the Ethnic Minority Support Centre, encouraging them to have their say.
Age	All actions in relation to the performance improvement objectives should be underpinned by a corporate commitment to improve access to facilities, services and information, and encourage openness, transparency, on-going dialogue, and access to decision-makers.
	To ensure the performance improvement objectives are targeted and meaningful for the community as a whole, rather than being those of particular organisations or interest group, they have been subjected to effective challenge and scrutiny mechanisms which build in foresight and forward planning to ensure the Council continues to meet clearly identified needs and effectively manage community expectations.
	Community confidence will be generated, and the reputation of the Council will be enhanced through meaningful consultation, encouraging stakeholder participation, listening to, respecting and

	valuing minority voices, demonstrating evidence based decision-making, and reporting progress to consultees. The Council is carrying out a robust and inclusive consultation and engagement process on the performance improvement objectives 2024-25, which will target all sections of the local community, including the Youth Council's and Older Persons Forums, and will also be promoted through Speak NMD.
Marital status	All actions in relation to the performance improvement objectives should be underpinned by a corporate commitment to improve access to facilities, services and information, and encourage openness, transparency, on-going dialogue, and access to decision-makers.
	To ensure performance improvement objectives are targeted and meaningful for the community as a whole, rather than being those of particular organisations or interest groups, they must have effective challenge and scrutiny mechanisms which build in foresight and forward planning to ensure Council continues to meet clearly identified needs, and effectively manages community expectations.
	Community confidence will be generated, and Council reputation enhanced through meaningful consultation, encouraging stakeholder participation, listening to, respecting and valuing minority voices, demonstrating evidence based decision-making, and reporting progress to consultees.
Sexual orientation	As above.
Men and women generally	As above.
Disability	As above.
Dependants	As above.

Screening Questions

1. What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, for each of the Section 75 grounds?

Section 75 category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? Major/minor/none
Religious belief	No adverse impact is currently anticipated.	
	Direct positive outcomes for service users in relation to improved opportunities to participate in physical and recreational activity, access economic development support, living in a cleaner District, reducing their impact in relation to climate change and accessing a more access a more effective Planning Service.	Minor
	With respect to local engagement structures in support of the implementation of the Community Plan, the establishment and operation of key forums such as the District Electoral Area structures on which individuals nominated and representing networks participate with Councillors, the Community Planning Partnership and Thematic Working Groups provides direct community engagement opportunities with the decision-making structures of the Council.	
Political opinion	As above.	Minor
Racial group	No adverse impact is currently anticipated.	Minor - positive
Age	No adverse impact is currently anticipated.	Major - positive

Marital status	No adverse impact is currently anticipated.	Minor
	Direct positive outcomes for service users in relation to improved opportunities to participate in physical and recreational activity, access economic development support, living in a cleaner District, reducing their impact in relation to climate change and accessing a more access a more effective Planning Service.	
	With respect to local structures in support of the development of the Community Plan, the establishment and operation of key forums such as the District Electoral Area structures on which individuals nominated and representing networks participate with Councillors, the Community Planning Partnership and Thematic Working Groups provides direct community engagement opportunities.	
Sexual orientation	As above.	Minor
Men and women generally	As above.	Minor
Disability	As above.	Minor
Dependants	As above.	Minor

2. Are there opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 equality categories?

Section 75 category	If Yes, provide details	If No , provide details
Religious belief	While no adverse impact is	
	currently anticipated, in the	
	delivery of its functions relating	
	to the performance improvement	

	objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes.	
Political opinion	Whilst no adverse impact is currently anticipated, in the delivery of the performance improvement objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes.	
	This is of particular relevance due to the party political representation and democratic deficits which exist within particular DEAs i.e three DEAs have no PUL Councillor representation (Newry, Crotlieve and Downpatrick), and three DEAs have either one CNR (Rowallane) or PUL (Slieve Croob and Slieve Gullion) Councillor.	
Racial group	Whilst no adverse impact is currently anticipated, in the delivery of the performance improvement objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes.	
Age	Whilst no adverse impact is currently anticipated, in the delivery of the performance	

	improvement objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes.	
Marital status	Whilst no adverse impact is currently anticipated, in the delivery of the performance improvement objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes.	
Sexual orientation	Whilst no adverse impact is currently anticipated, in the delivery of the performance improvement objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes.	
Men and women generally	Whilst no adverse impact is currently anticipated, in the delivery of the performance improvement objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes.	
Disability	Whilst no adverse impact is currently anticipated, in the	

	delivery of the performance improvement objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes. In addition, the Council should also be mindful of its statutory duty under Section 49A of the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 (as amended by the) Disability Discrimination (NI) Order 2006 which requires the Council, in carrying out its functions, to have due regard to the need to encourage participation by disabled people in public life.	
Dependants	While no adverse impact is currently anticipated, in the delivery of the performance improvement objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes.	

3. To what extent is the policy likely to impact on good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good relations category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? Major/minor/none
Religious belief	There is nothing to suggest the performance improvement objectives will adversely impact upon good relations.	None
Political opinion	There is nothing to suggest the performance improvement objectives will adversely impact	None

	upon good relations.	
Racial group	There is nothing to suggest the performance improvement objectives will adversely impact upon good relations.	None

4. Are there opportunities to better promote good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good relations category	If Yes, provide details	If No , provide details
Religious belief	Whilst no adverse impact is currently anticipated, in the delivery of the performance improvement objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to have regard towards the desirability of promoting good relations, and to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes.	In rivey provide details
Political opinion	While no adverse impact is currently anticipated, in the delivery of the performance improvement objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to have regard towards the desirability of promoting good relations, and to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes. This is of particular relevance due to the party political representation and	

	democratic deficits which exist within particular DEAs i.e three DEAs have no PUL Councillor representation (Newry, Crotlieve and Downpatrick), and three DEAs have either one CNR (Rowallane) or PUL (Slieve Croob and Slieve Gullion) Councillor.	
Racial group	While no adverse impact is currently anticipated, in the delivery of the performance improvement objectives, the Council must be mindful at all times of its statutory duties under Section 75 of the NI Act 1998 to have regard towards the desirability of promoting good relations, and to ensure equality of opportunity to access, participate and contribute are key components which underpin any processes.	

Additional considerations

Multiple identity

Generally speaking, people can fall into more than one Section 75 category. Taking this into consideration, are there any potential impacts of the policy/decision on people with multiple identities? (For example; disabled minority ethnic people; disabled women; young Protestant men; and young lesbians, gay and bisexual people).

None

Screening Decision

In light of your answers to the previous questions, do you feel that the policy should (please underline one):

1. Not be subject to an EQIA (with no mitigating measures required)

2. Not be subject to an EQIA (with mitigating measures /alternative policies)

- 3. Not be subject to an EQIA at this time
- 4. Be subject to an EQIA

If 1. or 2. (i.e. not be subject to an EQIA), please provide details of the reasons why:

The draft Performance Improvement Objectives 2024-25, have been equality screened and it is recommended it not be subject to an equality impact assessment (with no mitigating measures required).

The Council has demonstrated strong civic leadership as a public authority in terms of decision-making and developing the performance improvement objectives. The performance improvement objectives are based upon an assessment of the baseline evidence and directly aligned to the draft Corporate Plan 2024-27, Residents Survey 2022, Consultation and Engagement on the Performance Improvement Objectives 2023-24 and other key plans and strategies including the Economic Development and Regeneration Stratey.

Meaningful consultation has improved evidence based decision-making. Recording and retaining evidence of consultations and reporting progress are key aspects which underpin the Council's organisational learning and development as a public authority, thereby enhancing both the reputation and community confidence in the Council, as a civic leader.

This has already been exhibited through the Council's commitment to inter and intra collaborative working in aligning consultation with established or planned community engagement approaches, a corporate commitment to improving access to facilities, services and information, and encouraging openness, transparency and on-going dialogue to set and agree its performance improvement objectives.

Whilst the Council's Equality Scheme commits to holding consultation exercises relevant to the statutory duties for a minimum of twelve weeks, it also sets out exceptional circumstances where the twelve weeks may not apply. In this instance, it is proposed that the Council implements an eightweek consultation process on the performance improvement objectives in order to ensure the deadline for publishing the Performance Improvement Plan 2024-25 by 30 June 2024 is met.

It should also be noted that the performance improvement objectives 2024-25 are directly aligned to the Community Plan and Corporate Plan, which have been informed by a robust and reliable quantitative and qualitative evidence base.

The performance improvement objectives include effective challenge and

scrutiny mechanisms which build in foresight and forward planning to ensure the Council:

- Continues to meet clearly identified needs
- Effectively manages community expectations
- Enables all communities benefit from the performance improvement objectives, rather than particular organisations or interest groups solely being targeted
- Conducts Mid year and Annual progress reports progress in delivering the performance improvement objectives 2024-25.

If 2. (i.e. not be subject to an EQIA), in what ways can identified adverse impacts

attaching to the policy be mitigated or an alternative policy be introduced?	
In light of these revisions, is there a need to re-screen the revised/alternative polic Yes / No. If No, please explain why	;y?
If 3. or 4. (i.e. to conduct an EQIA), please provide details of the reasons:	

Timetabling and prioritising EQIA

If 3. or 4, is the policy affected by timetables established by other relevant public authorities? NO

If YES, please provide details:

Please answer the following questions to determine priority for timetabling the EQIA. On a scale of 1-3, with 1 being the lowest priority and 3 being the highest, assess the policy in terms of its priority for EQIA.

Priority criterion	Rating (1-3)
Effect on equality of opportunity and good relations	
Social need	
Effect on people's daily lives	

Relevance to a public authority's functions	

Note: The Total Rating Score should be used to prioritise the policy in rank order with other policies screened in for EQIA. This list of priorities will assist you in timetabling the EQIA. Details of your EQIA timetable should be included in the quarterly Section 75 report.

Proposed date for commencing EQIA:	
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Monitoring

Effective monitoring will help identify any future adverse impacts arising from the policy which may lead you to conduct an EQIA, as well as help with future planning and policy development.

Please detail proposed monitoring arrangements below:

The Performance Improvement Plan, and associated performance improvement objectives, will be reviewed annually.

Approval and Authorisation

Screened by:	Position/Job Title	Date
Colin Moffett	Head of Corporate Policy	04 March 2024
Catherine Hughes	Acting Head of Performance and	04 March 2024
	Improvement	
Approved by:		
Gerard Byrne	Assistant Director: Finance and Performance	March 2024
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Note: The completed policy screening template, signed off by the appropriate policy lead within the Council, and approved by the senior manager responsible for the policy, should be forwarded to the Head of Corporate Policy who will arrange for it to be included in the Council's Quarterly Report on Screening and made available on the Council's website.